

Address Matching System

Application Program Interface

User Guide 2004



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Introduction

The USPS *Address Matching System Application Programming Interface User Guide* is the primary reference document for the USPS National Customer Support Center's Address Matching System product. The guide contains installation instructions for each platform as well as function descriptions.

The USPS Address Matching System (AMS) is an application programming interface (API). As such, this guide should be used when the user wants to interface an application with the Address Matching System.

USPS Address Matching System Developer's Kit

The USPS Address Matching System Developer's Kit contains the following:

- API library(s) for each specific computer platform
- Interface definition file (ZIP4.H)
- Test utility (SAMPLE.EXE)
- Test utility source code
- Sample configuration data files
- User documentation

The test utility can be used to ensure that the Address Matching System and data files have been installed correctly and to provide access to our matching logic, which displays the standardized address returned by the matching engine. This enables you to verify the accuracy of the ZIP+4 results returned from your product.

The AMS software, including, but not limited to, .DLLs, shared objects and static objects all expire and cease functionality based on USPS Coding Accuracy Support System (CASS) guidelines. The AMS software expires July 31st each year. The AMS data expires 105 days from the release date of the CDROM, which is the 15th day of each month.

AMS CD-ROM Technical Support

If there are any questions regarding the Address Matching System API, please call the USPS' National Customer Support Center, AMS CD-ROM Technical Support at 877-640-0724. Hours of operation are 7am to 5pm Monday through FridayCST.

Installation Procedures for Windows 32-Bit

1. Create a directory on your hard drive in which to store the API files.

Ex. MD C:\AMS

2. Copy the Address Matching System files to your hard drive using the decryption program DEV_W32.EXE located on the CD-ROM in the DEV_KITS directory.

Ex. DEV_W32 CUST_ID OUTPUT_PATH PRODUCT_FILE

- a. OUTPUT_PATH is the directory created in step 1.
- b. PRODUCT_FILE is the file from the list in step 7. This should not include any directory paths.

The installation program must be executed from within the CD-ROM directory. This step needs to be performed once for each file listed in the file description in step 7. Following initial installation, the only files that need to be installed with subsequent CD-ROM updates are the header files and libraries. A batch file is recommended to simplify this install process.

Note: *A customer ID (CUST_ID) should be obtained from AMS CD-ROM Technical Support. The customer ID must be entered in uppercase letters.*

The customer ID provided by AMS CD-ROM Technical Support will change each month. We do not recommend hard-coding the customer ID into an install program. For program installation, you may obtain a unique customer ID from AMS CD-ROM Technical Support. This unique customer ID will not change for the duration of the AMS API license unless otherwise specified.

3. Change the directory locations in the Z4CONFIG.DAT file to the locations of the Address Matching System data files. (See Appendix B for a description of this file layout.)

Example file for W32:

APPLICATION	OTHER - ZIP+4
COMPUTER	OTHER
ADDRESS1	D:\AMSDATA\
ADDRESS2	
ADDRESS3	
ADDRINDEX	D:\AMSDATA\
CDROM	
CITYSTATE	D:\AMSDATA\
CROSSREF	D:\AMSDATA\
SYSTEM	C:\AMS\
TABLE	
USER	
ADDR1SIZE	
ADDR2SIZE	
ADDR3SIZE	
EWSPATH	

4. Run SAMPLE.EXE to test AMS.

5. Use SAMPLE.C as an example to create your own API application.
6. Refer to Section 3, API Functions, to test other API function commands.
7. The following is an explanation of the API files for W32:
 - a. ZIP4_W32.DLL ZIP4 dynamic-link library
 - b. ZIP4_W32.LIB Stub library to link with the user application
 - c. ZIP4.H Interface header file
 - d. Z4CONFIG.DAT File location file
 - e. Z4CXLOG.DAT Date time file
 - f. SAMPLE.C Sample C source file
 - g. SAMPLE.EXE Sample executable

Special Notes for Windows 32-bit

The Windows 32-bit version of the Address Matching System DLL was built with all export functions having the ‘_cdecl’ calling convention, which has caused problems with some programming languages that do not support this convention. To provide access to the address matching routines in the DLL for non C and C++ languages, the DLL now contains a set of routines with the proper DLL calling convention ‘_stdcall.’ These routines have separate names from the original routines to preserve linkage with existing programs, and the new names are a concatenation of the original function name and ‘STD,’ which implies the _stdcall calling convention, e.g.,

_cdecl function name	_stdcall function name
z4open()	z4openSTD()
z4adriinq()	z4adriinqSTD()
z4close()	z4closeSTD()

All of the _stdcall functions map directly to the original functions, so there is no loss in functionality. All existing functions have an associated _stdcall version, and all future additions to the DLL will contain both a _cdecl version and a _stdcall version.

Installation Procedures for SUN UNIX (32 Bit)

1. Create a directory on your hard drive in which to store the API files.
Ex. `mkdir /usr/src/ams`
2. Copy the Address Matching System files to your hard drive using the decryption program DEV_SUN.EXE located on the CD-ROM in the DEV_KITS directory.
Ex. `DEV_SUN.EXE CUST_ID OUTPUT_PATH PRODUCT_FILE`
 - a. OUTPUT_PATH is the directory created in step 1.
 - b. PRODUCT_FILE is the file from the list in step 7. This should not include any directory paths.

The installation program must be executed from within the CD-ROM directory. This step needs to be performed once for each file listed in the file description in step 7 on the next page. Following initial installation, the only files that need to be installed with subsequent CD-ROM updates are the header files and libraries. A batch file is recommended to simplify this install process.

Note: *A customer ID (CUST_ID) should be obtained from AMS CD-ROM Technical Support. The customer ID must be entered in uppercase letters.*

The customer ID provided by AMS CD-ROM Technical Support will change each month. We do not recommend hard-coding the customer ID into an install program. For program installation, you may obtain a unique customer ID from AMS CD-ROM Technical Support. This unique customer ID will not change for the duration of the AMS API license unless otherwise specified.

3. Change the directory locations in the Z4CONFIG.DAT file to the locations of the Address Matching System data files. (See Appendix B for a description of this file layout.)

Example file for SUN:

```
APPLICATION      OTHER - ZIP+4
COMPUTER         OTHER
ADDRESS1        /mount/cdrom/
ADDRESS2
ADDRESS3
ADDRINDEX       /mount/cdrom/
CDROM
CITYSTATE       /mount/cdrom/
CROSSREF        /mount/cdrom/
SYSTEM          /usr/src/ams/
TABLE
USER
ADDR1SIZE
ADDR2SIZE
ADDR3SIZE
EWSPATH
```

4. Run SAMPLESH and SAMPLEST to test the Address Matching System.
 - a. CHMOD on SAMPLESH and SAMPLEST to `rw`.
 - b. CHMOD on Z4CXLOG.DAT to `rw`.

5. Use SAMPLE.C as an example to create your own API application.
6. Refer to Section 3, API Functions, to test other API function calls.
7. The following is an explanation of the API files for SUN UNIX:
 - a. LIBZ4SUN.SO ZIP4 shared library
 - b. ZIP4_SUN.A Static link library; not recommended
 - c. ZIP4.H Interface header file
 - d. Z4CONFIG.DAT File location file
 - e. Z4CXLOG.DAT Date time file
 - f. SAMPLE.C Sample C source file
 - g. SAMPLESH Sample executable linked with LIBZ4SUN.SO
 - h. SAMPLEST Sample executable built with ZIP4_SUN.A

Special Notes for SUN UNIX (32 Bit)

The Address Matching System CD-ROM uses the ISO9660 file-system format, which stores file names in uppercase letters with a version control number appended to the end. The API requires that the CD-ROM file names appear in lowercase letters without the version number. Some versions of UNIX will automatically accommodate file name conversion during the mount process, but some require the user to specify the conversion explicitly with the options of the “mount” command. Please see the **man** pages on mount for more information on these options.

The Address Matching System SUN API Developer’s Kit contains both a static-link and a shared library. The static-link library is provided for compatibility with older programs written before the shared library was available. The USPS does not recommend use of the static-link library because logic changes are often made to the API, and the user would have to re-link the executable file with the AMS static-link library every time there is an update. Also, in compliance with CASS rules, the API code is set to expire at the end of the current CASS cycle, each August. If this date is reached without re-linking with a newer API, a user’s application will stop functioning.

To avoid these problems the USPS recommends using the AMS shared library so that user applications can gain immediate access to any logic changes simply by installing the new shared library. User applications do not need to be re-linked when a new shared library is provided on CD-ROM updates.

Installation Procedures for SUN UNIX (64 Bit)

1. Create a directory on your hard drive in which to store the API files.
Ex. `mkdir /usr/src/ams`
2. Copy the Address Matching System files to your hard drive using the decryption program DEV_S64.EXE located on the CD-ROM in the DEV_KITS directory.
Ex. `DEV_S64.EXE CUST_ID OUTPUT_PATH PRODUCT_FILE`
 - a. OUTPUT_PATH is the directory created in step 1.
 - b. PRODUCT_FILE is the file from the list in step 7. This should not include any directory paths.

The installation program must be executed from within the CD-ROM directory. This step needs to be performed once for each file listed in the file description in step 7 on the next page. Following initial installation, the only files that need to be installed with subsequent CD-ROM updates are the header files and libraries. A batch file is recommended to simplify this install process.

Note: *A customer ID (CUST_ID) should be obtained from AMS CD-ROM Technical Support. The customer ID must be entered in uppercase letters.*

The customer ID provided by AMS CD-ROM Technical Support will change each month. We do not recommend hard-coding the customer ID into an install program. For program installation, you may obtain a unique customer ID from AMS CD-ROM Technical Support. This unique customer ID will not change for the duration of the AMS API license unless otherwise specified.

3. Change the directory locations in the Z4CONFIG.DAT file to the locations of the Address Matching System data files. (See Appendix B for a description of this file layout.)

Example file for S64:

```
APPLICATION          OTHER - ZIP+4
COMPUTER             OTHER
ADDRESS1             /mount/cdrom/
ADDRESS2
ADDRESS3
ADDRINDEX            /mount/cdrom/
CDROM
CITYSTATE            /mount/cdrom/
CROSSREF             /mount/cdrom/
SYSTEM               /usr/src/ams/
TABLE
USER
ADDR1SIZE
ADDR2SIZE
ADDR3SIZE
EWSPATH
```

4. Run SAMPLESH to test the Address Matching System.
 - a. CHMOD on SAMPLESH to rwx.
 - b. CHMOD on Z4CXLOG.DAT to rw.

5. Use SAMPLE.C as an example to create your own API application.
6. Refer to Section 3, API Functions, to test other API function calls.
7. The following is an explanation of the API files for SUN UNIX:
 - a. LIBZ4SUN64.SO ZIP4 shared library
 - b. ZIP4.H Interface header file
 - c. Z4CONFIG.DAT File location file
 - d. Z4CXLOG.DAT Date time file
 - e. SAMPLE.C Sample C source file
 - f. SAMPLESH Sample executable linked with LIBZ4SUN.SO

Special Notes for SUN UNIX (64 Bit)

The Address Matching System CD-ROM uses the ISO9660 file-system format, which stores file names in uppercase letters with a version control number appended to the end. The API requires that the CD-ROM file names appear in lowercase letters without the version number. Some versions of UNIX will automatically accommodate file name conversion during the mount process, but some require the user to specify the conversion explicitly with the options of the “mount” command. Please see the **man** pages on mount for more information on these options.

The Address Matching System S64 API Developer’s Kit contains a shared library. In compliance with CASS rules, the API code is set to expire at the end of the current CASS cycle, each August. If this date is reached without replacing the shared library, a user’s application will stop functioning.

Installation Procedures for OSF UNIX

1. Create a directory on your hard drive in which to store the API files.
Ex. `mkdir /usr/src/ams`
2. Copy the DEV_OSF.EXE located on the CD-ROM in the DEV_KITS directory.
Ex. `DEV_OSF.EXE CUST_ID OUTPUT_PATH PRODUCT_FILE`
 - a. OUTPUT_PATH is the directory created in step 1.
 - b. PRODUCT_FILE is the file from the list in step 7. This should not include any directory paths.

The installation program must be executed from within the CD-ROM directory. This step needs to be performed once for each file listed in the file description in step 7 on the next page. Following initial installation, the only files that need to be installed with subsequent CD-ROM updates are the header files and libraries. A batch file is recommended to simplify this install process.

Note: *A customer ID (CUST_ID) should be obtained from AMS CD-ROM Technical Support. The customer ID must be entered in uppercase letters.*

The customer ID provided by AMS CD-ROM Technical Support will change each month. We do not recommend hard-coding the customer ID into an install program. For program installation, you may obtain a unique customer ID from AMS CD-ROM Technical Support. This unique customer ID will not change for the duration of the AMS API license unless otherwise specified.

3. Change the directory locations in the Z4CONFIG.DAT file to the locations of the Address Matching System data files. (See Appendix B for a description of this file layout.)

Example file for OSF:

```
APPLICATION      OTHER - ZIP+4
COMPUTER         OTHER
ADDRESS1        /mount/cdrom/
ADDRESS2
ADDRESS3
ADDRINDEX       /mount/cdrom/
CDROM
CITYSTATE       /mount/cdrom/
CROSSREF        /mount/cdrom/
SYSTEM          /usr/src/ams/
TABLE
USER
ADDR1SIZE
ADDR2SIZE
ADDR3SIZE
EWSPATH
```

4. Run SAMPLESH and SAMPLEST to test Address Matching System.
 - a. CHMOD on SAMPLESH and SAMPLEST to rwx.
 - b. CHMOD on Z4CXLOG.DAT to rw.
5. Use SAMPLE.C as an example to create your own API application.

6. Refer to Section 3, API Functions, to test other API function commands.
7. The following is an explanation of the API files for OSF UNIX:
 - a. LIBZ4OSF.SO ZIP4 shared library
 - b. ZIP4_OSF.A Static link library; not recommended
 - c. ZIP4.H Interface header file
 - d. Z4CONFIG.DAT File location file
 - e. Z4CXLOG.DAT Date time file
 - f. SAMPLE.C Sample C source file
 - g. SAMPLESH Sample executable linked with LIBZ4OSF.SO
 - h. SAMPLEST Sample executable built with ZIP4_OSF.A

Special Notes for OSF UNIX

The Address Matching System CD-ROM uses the ISO9660 file-system format, which stores file names in uppercase letters with a version control number appended to the end. However, the API requires that the CD-ROM file names appear in lowercase letters without the version number. Some versions of UNIX will automatically accommodate file-name conversion during the mount process, but some require the user to specify the conversion explicitly with the options of the “mount” command. Please see the **man** pages on mount for more information on these options.

Installation Procedures for AIX UNIX

- 1 Create a directory on your hard drive in which to store the API files.
Ex. `mkdir /usr/src/ams`
- 2 Copy the Address Matching System files to your hard drive using the decryption program DEV_AIX.EXE located on the CD-ROM in the DEV_KITS directory.
Ex. `DEV_AIX.EXE CUST_ID OUTPUT_PATH PRODUCT_FILE`
 - a. OUTPUT_PATH is the directory created in step 1.
 - b. PRODUCT_FILE is the file from the list in step 7. This should not include any directory paths

The installation program must be executed from within the CD-ROM directory. This step needs to be performed once for each file listed in the file description in step 7 on the next page. Following initial installation, the only files that need to be installed with subsequent CD-ROM updates are the header files and libraries. A batch file is recommended to simplify this install process.

Note: *A customer ID (CUST_ID) should be obtained from AMS CD-ROM Technical Support. The customer ID must be entered in uppercase letters.*

The customer ID provided by AMS CD-ROM Technical Support will change each month. We do not recommend hard-coding the customer ID into an install program. For program installation, you may obtain a unique customer ID from AMS CD-ROM Technical Support. This unique customer ID will not change for the duration of the AMS API license unless otherwise specified.

- 3 Change the directory locations in the Z4CONFIG.DAT file to the locations of the Address Matching System data files. (See Appendix B for a description of this file layout.)

Example file for AIX:

```
APPLICATION OTHER - ZIP+4
COMPUTER      OTHER
ADDRESS1      /mount/cdrom/
ADDRESS2
ADDRESS3
ADDRINDEX    /mount/cdrom/
CDROM
CITYSTATE     /mount/cdrom/
CROSSREF      /mount/cdrom/
SYSTEM        /usr/src/ams/
TABLE
USER
ADDR1SIZE
ADDR2SIZE
ADDR3SIZE
EWSPATH
```

- 4 Run SAMPLEST to test Address Matching System.
 - a. CHMOD on SAMPLEST to rwx.

- b. CHMOD on Z4CXLOG.DAT to rw.
- 5 Use SAMPLE.C as an example to create your own API application.
- 6 Refer to Section 3, API Functions, to test other API function commands.
- 7 The following is an explanation of the API files for AIX UNIX:
 - a. ZIP4_AIX.A Static-link library
 - b. ZIP4.H Interface header file
 - c. Z4CONFIG.DAT File location file
 - d. Z4CXLOG.DAT Date time file
 - e. SAMPLE.C Sample C source file
 - f. SAMPLEST Sample executable built with ZIP4_AIX.A

Special Notes for AIX UNIX

The Address Matching System CD-ROM uses the ISO9660 file-system format, which stores file names in uppercase letters with a version control number appended to the end. However, the API requires that the CD-ROM file names appear in lowercase letters without the version number. Some versions of UNIX will automatically accommodate file-name conversion during the mount process, but some require the user to specify the conversion explicitly with the options of the “mount” command. Please see the **man** pages on mount for more information on these options.

Installation Procedures for LINUX

1. Create a directory on your hard drive in which to store the API files.
 Ex. `mkdir /usr/src/ams`
2. Copy the Address Matching System files to your hard drive using the decryption program DEV_LNX.EXE located on the CD-ROM in the DEV_KITS directory.
 Ex. `DEV_LNX.EXE CUST_ID OUTPUT_PATH PRODUCT_FILE`
 - a. OUTPUT_PATH is the directory created in step 1.
 - b. PRODUCT_FILE is the file from the list in step 7. This should not include any directory paths.

The installation program must be executed from within the CD-ROM directory. This step needs to be performed once for each file listed in the file description in step 7 on the next page. Following initial installation, the only files that need to be installed with subsequent CD-ROM updates are the header files and libraries. A batch file is recommended to simplify this install process.

Note: *A customer ID (CUST_ID) should be obtained from AMS CD-ROM Technical Support. The customer ID must be entered in uppercase letters.*

The customer ID provided by AMS CD-ROM Technical Support will change each month. We do not recommend hard-coding the customer ID into an install program. For program installation, you may obtain a unique customer ID from AMS CD-ROM Technical Support. This unique customer ID will not change for the duration of the AMS API license unless otherwise specified.

3. Change the directory locations in the Z4CONFIG.DAT file to the locations of the Address Matching System data files. (See Appendix B for a description of this file layout.)

Example file for LNX:

```
APPLICATION      OTHER - ZIP+4
COMPUTER          OTHER
ADDRESS1          /mount/cdrom/
ADDRESS2
ADDRESS3
ADDRINDEX         /mount/cdrom/
CDROM
CITYSTATE         /mount/cdrom/
CROSSREF          /mount/cdrom/
SYSTEM            /usr/src/ams/
TABLE
USER
ADDR1SIZE
ADDR2SIZE
ADDR3SIZE
EWSPATH
```

4. Run SAMPLESH and SAMPLEST to test Address Matching System.
 - a. CHMOD on SAMPLESH and SAMPLEST to `rw`.
 - b. CHMOD on Z4CXLOG.DAT to `rw`.

5. Use SAMPLE.C as an example to create your own API application.
6. Refer to Section 3, API Functions, to test other API function commands.
7. The following is an explanation of the API files for LNX:
 - a. LIBZ4LNX.SO ZIP4 shared library
 - b. ZIP4_LNX.A Static link library; not recommended
 - c. ZIP4.H Interface header file
 - d. Z4CONFIG.DAT File location file
 - e. Z4CXLOG.DAT Date time file
 - f. SAMPLE.C Sample C source file
 - g. SAMPLESH Sample executable linked with LIBZ4LNX.SO
 - h. SAMPLEST Sample executable built with ZIP4_LNX.A

Special Notes for LINUX

The Address Matching System CD-ROM uses the ISO9660 file-system format, which stores file names in uppercase letters with a version control number appended to the end. However, the API requires that the CD-ROM file names appear in lowercase letters without the version number. Some versions of UNIX will automatically accommodate file-name conversion during the mount process, but some require the user to specify the conversion explicitly with the options of the “mount” command. Please see the **man** pages on mount for more information on these options.

The Address Matching System LINUX API Developer’s Kit contains both a static-link and a shared library. The static-link library is provided for compatibility with older programs written before the shared library was available. The USPS does not recommend use of the static-link library because logic changes are often made to the API, and the user would have to re-link the executable files with the AMS staticlink library every time there is an update. Also, in compliance with CASS rules, the API code is set to expire at the end of the current CASS cycle, each August. If this date is reached without re-linking with a newer API, a user’s application will stop functioning.

To avoid these problems, the USPS recommends using the AMS shared library so that user applications can gain immediate access to any logic changes simply by installing the new shared library. User applications do not need to be re-linked when a new shared library is provided on CD-ROM updates.

Functions

The following functions are used to perform inquiries on addresses and 9-digit ZIP Codes:

- z4open() Open the Address Matching System
- z4opencfg() Open the Address Matching System with Special Parameters
- z4adrinq() Address Inquiry
- z4adrkey() Address Sort Key
- z4xrfinq() 9-digit Inquiry
- z4adrstd() Address Standardization
- z4close() Close the Address Matching System
- z4ctyget() Read City/State File by Key
- z4ctynxt() Read City/State File Next
- z4adrget() Read ZIP+4 File by Key
- z4adrnxt() Read ZIP+4 File Next
- z4getzip() Get a ZIP Code range for a City/St
- z4abort() Terminate Active Address Inquiry
- z4date() Get Date of ZIP+4 Database
- z4GetDataExpireDays() Get AMS Data Expiration
- z4GetCodeExpireDays() Get AMS Library Expiration
- z4expire() Get CD ROM Expiration Information- Deprecated: Use z4GetDataExpireDays()
- z4ver() Get the Version of the API code
- z4scroll() Multiple Response Stack
- z4geterror() Get Last Error
- z4getenv() Get Environment

Open the Address Matching System

The `z4open()` function opens the Address Matching System for application use. This function must be called before attempting to use any of the inquiry functions. During system opening, the Address Matching System allocates memory buffers and file handles for disk I/O. The function returns a code summarizing the results of the open operation.

It is recommended that you use the `z4opencfg()` function (see page 15) instead of the `z4open()` function. The `z4open()` function searches the systems for a configuration file and will use the first one found. This function can cause unexpected operation by using a configuration file that was not expected to be in its search path.

Note: *The `z4open()` function does not provide access to eLOT or DPV functionality. In order to gain access to this extended functionality, you will need to use the `z4opencfg()` function to open the USPS Address Matching System (see page 17)*

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4open(void);
```

Input

None

Output

None

Return

- 1 The USPS Address Matching System is already open
- 0 The USPS Address Matching System opened successfully
- 1 The USPS Address Matching System is not in sync
- 2 The USPS Address Matching System has expired

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <zip4.h>

void main( void)
{
    /*open The USPS Address Matching System */
    if (z4open() == 0)
        printf("The USPS Address Matching System Open.\n");
    else
        printf("Error opening the USPS Address Matching System.\n");
}
```

Open the Address Matching System with Special Parameters

The `z4opencfg()` function opens the Address Matching System in the same manner as `z4open()`, but it gives the user more control over the configuration file and Enhanced Line of Travel (eLOT) processing.

Enhanced Line of Travel is available through the USPS AMS API, but it is turned off by default. To enable eLOT processing, you must first call `z4opencfg()` and set the *elotflag* variable to 'Y'. You must also use the `CONFIG_PARM` to specify the paths to the AMS database.

The configuration file can be changed by using the character pointer *fname* to point to the path and filename for a configuration file on your system, or by specifying the paths in the `CONIG_PARM` character pointers.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4opencfg(Z4OPEN_PARM* openparm);
```

Input

`openparm` pointer to a `Z4OPEN_PARM` structure

If a field in the `Z4OPEN_PARM` is not used, then it must be initialized to zero (see example code).

```
typedef struct
{
    char    rsvd1[50];

    short   status;
    char    *fname

    CONFIG_PARM config

    char    elotflag;
    char    dpvflag;
    char    systemflag;

    char    rsvd2[49];
}Z4OPEN_PARM;
```

Field Definitions:

<code>rsvd1</code>	Reserved for future use.
<code>status</code>	See "Output" section.
<code>fname</code>	Pointer to a string that contains the full path and filename for a custom config file.
<code>config</code>	Embedded structure for setting the path names to the AMS database. (Not used if <code>fname</code> is set)
<code>elotflag</code>	Set to 'Y' to activate eLOT processing.
<code>dpvflag</code>	Set to 'Y' to activate DPV processing.
<code>systemflag</code>	Set to 'Y' to de-activate the auto-generation of the security file.
<code>rsvd2</code>	Reserved for future use.

Output

Z4OPEN_PARM.status will be set to 1, 2 or 9 to indicate which value was used for the configuration file.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
Z4_FNAME	1	Used the value pointed to by the <i>fname</i> character pointer
Z4_CONFIG	2	Used the values pointed to by the CONFIG_PARM structure
Z4_SEARCH	9	Searched for a file named z4config.dat

Return

See z4open().

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <zip4.h>

void main(void)
{
    Z4OPEN_PARM openparm;
    int rtn=0;

    memset(&openparm, 0, sizeof(openparm));

    /*Use the fname character pointer to point to a file on the user's
system*/

    openparm.fname = "c:\\ams\\special.cfg";

    /*open the USPS Adress Matching System*/
    rtn = z4opencfg(&openparm);

    if(rtn==0)
        printf("\nThe USPS Address Matching System Opened Successfully.");
    else
        printf("\nError Opening the USPS Address Matching System.");

    /*close the USPS Address Matching System*/
    z4close();

    /*Open with the paths embedded in the CONFIG_PARM structure*/
    /*reset variables*/
    memset(&openparm, 0, sizeof(openparm));
    rtn=0;

    /*Setting up paths instead of using the configuration file*/
    openparm.config.address1    = "c:\\amsdata\\";
    openparm.config.addrindex   = "c:\\amsdata\\";
    openparm.config.cdrom       = "d:\\";
    openparm.config.citystate   = "c:\\amsdata\\";
    openparm.config.crossref    = "c:\\amsdata\\";
    openparm.config.system      = "c:\\amsdata\\";
}
```

```
/*Turn eLOT processing on*/
openparm.elotflag = 'Y';

rtn = z4opencfg(&openparm);

if(rtn==0)
    printf("\nSuccess opening the USPS Address Matching System.");
else
    printf("\nError opening the USPS Address Matching System.");

/*close the USPS Address Matching System*/
z4close();
}
```

Address Inquiry

The `z4adrinq()` function commands the Address Matching System to perform an address inquiry using firm name (optional), address, and city/state/ZIP information. Before performing this function, the input address information must be copied into the corresponding input fields outlined below. Note that the City, State, and ZIP fields may be placed either within the `parm.ictyi` field or copied to the `parm.ictyi`, `parm.stai`, and `parm.izipc` fields, respectively. Following the address inquiry, the `parm.retcc` field contains a response code summarizing the inquiry results. If an address response was found, standardized address information will be located in the output fields described below.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4adrinq(ZIP4_PARM *parm);
```

Input

The `parm` argument must point to a `ZIP4_PARM` structure. The following fields must be initialized before calling the `z4adrinq()` function. If a field is not used, it must be initialized to zero.

<code>parm.iadl1</code>	Street Address
<code>parm.iadl2</code>	Firm Name
<code>parm.iadl3</code>	Secondary Address
<code>parm.iprurb</code>	Puerto Rican Urbanization Name
<code>parm.ictyi</code>	City or City/State/ZIP
<code>parm.istai</code>	State or empty
<code>parm.izipc</code>	ZIP or empty

Output

parm.retcc	Response code
<code>Z4_SINGLE</code>	31 — A single address was found
<code>Z4_DEFAULT</code>	32 — An address was found, but a more specific address could be found with more information
parm.retcc	Response Code
<code>Z4_INVADDR</code>	10 — Invalid input address (i.e., contained a dual address)
<code>Z4_INVZIP</code>	11 — Invalid input 5-digit ZIP Code
<code>Z4_INVSTATE</code>	12 — Invalid input state abbreviation code
<code>Z4_INVCITY</code>	13 — Invalid input city name
<code>Z4_NOTFND</code>	21 — No match found using input address
<code>Z4_MULTIPLE</code>	22 — Multiple responses were found and more specific information is required to select a single or default response

parm.foot**Footnotes**

parm.foot.a = "A"	ZIP Code Corrected
parm.foot.b = "B"	City/State Corrected
parm.foot.c = "C"	Invalid City/State/ZIP
parm.foot.d = "D"	No ZIP+4 Code Assigned
parm.foot.e = "E"	ZIP Code Assigned with a Multiple Response
parm.foot.f = "F"	Address Not Found
parm.foot.g = "G"	All or Part of the Firm Line Used For Address Line
parm.foot.h = "H"	Missing Secondary Number
parm.foot.i = "I"	Insufficient/Incorrect Data
parm.foot.j = "J"	PO Box Dual Address
parm.foot.k = "K"	Non-PO Box Dual Address
parm.foot.l = "L"	Address Component Changed
parm.foot.m = "M"	Street Name Changed
parm.foot.n = "N"	Address Standardized
parm.foot.p = "P"	Better Address Exists
parm.foot.r = "R"	No Match due to EWS
parm.foot.s = "S"	Incorrect Secondary Number
parm.foot.t = "T"	Multiple response due to Magnet Street Syndrome
parm.foot.u = "U"	Unofficial Post Office Name
parm.foot.v = "V"	Unverifiable City/State
parm.foot.w = "W"	Small Town Default
parm.foot.x = "X"	Unique ZIP Code Default
parm.foot.z = "Z"	ZIP Move Match

Return Address Description

parm.dadl1	Standardized Output Address
parm.dadl2	Standardized Output Firm Name
parm.dadl3	Standardized Secondary Address
parm.dprurb	Standardized Puerto Rican Urbanization Name
parm.dctya	Standardized Output City
parm.dstaa	Standardized Output State
parm.zipc	5-digit ZIP Code
parm.addon	4-digit Add-on Code
parm.cris	4-digit Carrier Route Code

parm.county	3-digit County Code
parm.dpbcode	2-digit Delivery Point Barcode and 1-digit Check Digit
parm.mpnum	Matched Primary Number
parm.msnum	Matched Secondary Number
parm.auto_zone_ind	Carrier Route Rate Sort Indicator (Y or N)
parm.elot_num	Enhanced Line of Travel (eLOT) number
parm.elot_code	eLOT Ascending/Descending Flag (A/D)

Parsed Input	Description
ppnum	Primary Number
psnum	Secondary Number
prote	Rural Route Number
punit	Secondary Number Unit
ppre1	First or Left Pre-direction
ppre2	Second or Right Pre-direction
psuf1	First or Left Suffix
psuf2	Second or Right Suffix
ppst1	First or Left Post-direction
ppst2	Second or Right Post-direction
ppnam	Primary Name

Return

- 0 - The USPS Address Matching System resident
- 1 - The USPS Address Matching System issued a system error
- 2 - The USPS Address Matching System not ready
- 3 - CD-ROM has expired

Additional Information About Z4ADRINQ()

If parm.retcc is Z4_INVADDR, Z4_INVZIP, Z4_INVSTATE, Z4_INVCITY, Z4_NOTFND, or Z4_MULTIPLE, then the return address fields will contain the input address. If the input address is unambiguously a rural route, highway contract, PO box, or general delivery address, then the return fields will contain the normalized version of the input address.

If parm.retcc is Z4_MULTIPLE, then parm.foot, parm.respn, and parm.stack are also returned by the system. The parm.zipc and/or parm.cris fields may contain data if all records in the stack have the same ZIP Code and/or carrier route ID.

If parm.retcc is Z4_SINGLE or Z4_DEFAULT, then all fields in the returned data section are returned by the Address Matching System. The first record in the parm.stack structure will contain the ZIP+4 record

to which the system matched. This record may be used to access the individual fields from the matched record, such as primary name, suffix, post-directional, etc.

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <zip4.h>

ZIP4_PARM parm;

void main(void)
{
    /* open The USPS Address Matching System */
    if (z4open() != 0)
    {
        printf("The USPS Address Matching System not resident.\n"); exit(5);
    }

    /* load input address parameters */
    memset(&parm, 0, sizeof(parm));

    strcpy(parm.iadl1,      "323 S 152ND ST");
    strcpy(parm.iadl3,      "STE 200");
    strcpy(parm.iadl2,      "ACME TOOL AND DIE");
    strcpy(parm.iprurb,     "");
    strcpy(parm.ictyi,      "OMAHA, NE 68154");

    /* request address inquiry */
    z4adrinq(&parm);

    /* if a response found (either single or default) */
    if(parm.retcc==Z4_SINGLE || parm.retcc==Z4_DEFAULT)
    {
        printf("Found response.\n");
        printf("Name:          %s\n", parm.dadl2);
        printf("S Addr:         %s\n", parm.dadl3);
        printf("Addr:           %s\n", parm.dadl1);
        printf("PRUrb:         %s\n", parm.dprurb);
        printf("City:          %s\n", parm.dctya);
        printf("ST:           %s\n", parm.dstaa);
        printf("ZIP:          %s\n", parm.zipc);
        printf("Addon:        %s\n", parm.addon);
        printf("DPBC:        %s\n", parm.dpbc);
        printf("Pre Dir:     %s\n", parm.stack[0].pre_dir);
        printf("Str Name:    %s\n", parm.stack[0].str_name);
        printf("Suffix:      %s\n", parm.stack[0].suffix);
        printf("Post Dir:   %s\n", parm.stack[0].post_dir);
        printf("Lacs Ind:   %c\n", parm.stack[0].lacs_status);
    }

    /* close The USPS Address Matching System */
}
```

```
    z4close();  
    exit(0)  
}
```

Address Sort Key

The `z4adrkey()` function creates a sort key for an address. This function can be used in batch processes to sort an input file in the order that addresses are contained on the Address Matching System data files. However, the function does not sort your file; it produces a key field to assist your software in sortation. Sorting an input file usually produces a dramatic increase in processing throughput.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4adrkey(ZIP4_PARM *parm);
```

Input

The `parm` argument must point to a `ZIP4_PARM` structure. The following fields must be initialized before calling the `z4adrkey()` function.

<code>parm.iadl1</code>	Street Address
<code>parm.iadl2</code>	Firm Name
<code>parm.iprurb</code>	Puerto Rican Urbanization Name
<code>parm.ictyi</code>	City or City/ State/ ZIP
<code>parm.istai</code>	State or empty
<code>parm.izipc</code>	ZIP or empty

Output

<code>parm.adrkey</code>	Address Sort Key
--------------------------	------------------

Note: *The contents and length of the address sort key are subject to change at any time. The key contains binary data and should be used in its entirety for the sort process.*

Return

- 0 - The USPS Address Matching System resident
- 1 - The USPS Address Matching System issued a system error
- 2 - The USPS Address Matching System not ready

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <zip4.h>

ZIP4_PARM parm;

void main(void)
{
    int i;

    /* open The USPS Address Matching System */
```

```
if (z4open() != 0)
{
    printf("The USPS Address Matching System not resident.\n");
    exit(5);
}

/* load input address parameters */
memset(&parm, 0, sizeof(parm));

strcpy(parm.iadl1, "323 S 152ND ST");
strcpy(parm.iadl2, "ACME TOOL AND DIE");
strcpy(parm.ictyi, "OMAHA, NE 68154");

/* request address sort key */
z4adrkey(&parm);

/* print the address sort key in hex */
for(i=0; i<sizeof(parm.adrkey); i++)
    printf("%02X", parm.adrkey[i]);

printf("\n");

/* close The USPS Address Matching System */
z4close();
exit(0);
}
```

9-digit Inquiry

The `z4xrfinq()` (9-digit Inquiry) function commands the Address Matching System to perform an address inquiry using an input 9-digit ZIP Code. Before using this function, the input 9-digit ZIP Code must be copied into the `parm.iad11` field outlined below. Following the 9-digit inquiry, the `parm.retcc` field displays a return code summarizing the result of the inquiry. If an address response was found, standardized address information can be found in the output fields described in the Address Inquiry function description (see page 24).

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4xrfinq(ZIP4_PARM *parm);
```

Input

The `parm` argument must point to a `ZIP4_PARM` structure. The following field must be initialized before calling the `z4xrfinq()` function:

`parm.iad11` 9-digit ZIP Code.

Note: *Return Code 22 denotes multiple responses. The address fields contain the first of a stack of ten possible responses (or matches). It is recommended that the first address in the output fields not be used as a mailing address because it is not an exact match.*

Output

<code>parm.retcc</code>	Response code
<code>Z4_SINGLE</code>	A single address was found
<code>Z4_DEFAULT</code>	A default address was found, but more specific addresses exist
<code>Z4_NOTFND</code>	No match found; considered a not found address
<code>Z4_MULTIPLE</code>	Multiple responses were found

Refer to the Address Inquiry function description for other output fields (see page 29).

Return

- 0 - The USPS Address Matching System resident
- 1 - The USPS Address Matching System issued a system error
- 2 - The USPS Address Matching System not ready
- 3 - The USPS Address Matching System has expired

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <zip4.h>
```

```

ZIP4_PARM parm;

void main(void)
{
    /* check for The USPS Address Matching System residence */
    if(z4open() != 0)
    {
        printf("The USPS Address Matching System not resident.\n");
        exit(5);
    }

    /* load input 9-digit ZIP parameter */
    memset(&parm, 0, sizeof(parm));
    strcpy(parm.iadl1, "681642815");

    /* request address inquiry */
    z4xrfinq(&parm);

    /* if a response found (either single or default) */
    if(parm.retcc == Z4_SINGLE || parm.retcc == Z4_DEFAULT)
    {
        printf("Found response.\n");
        printf("Name:      %s\n", parm.dadl2);
        printf("Addr:      %s\n", parm.dadl1);
        printf("PRUrb:    %s\n", parm.dprurb);
        printf("City:     %s\n", parm.dctya);
        printf("ST:      %s\n", parm.dstaa);
        printf("ZIP:     %s\n", parm.zipc);
        printf("Addon:   %s\n", parm.addon);
        printf("DPBC:   %s\n", parm.dpbc);
    }

    /* close The USPS Address Matching System */
    z4close();

    exit(0);
}

```

Address Standardization

The `z4adrstd()` (Address Standardization) function instructs the Address Matching System to standardize an address. This function can be used when a `Z4_MULTIPLE` response is returned from the `z4adrinq()` function. Use this function to standardize an address from the stack, but use it with caution. The index parameter is relative to zero and must be in increments of ten for each `z4scroll()` function called. Therefore, the index will have a value between zero and `parm.respn` minus one. Do not use the offset into the current stack of ten records.

When this function is called, the record corresponding to the index value is moved to the first position on the stack (offset zero). If components from the `ADDR_REC` structure are needed for the current record that was processed through `z4adrstd()`, they may be retrieved from the first stack record. Do not use the modulus 10 of the index (`index % 10`) to retrieve the `ADDR_REC` components from the stack.

Note: *This function should only be used when an operator is reviewing the multiple responses returned and selecting the record to be standardized. Please be advised that using this function in an unattended (batch) mode may result in inaccurate matches and possible failure to CASS certify.*

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4adrstd(ZIP4_PARM *parm, int index)
```

Input

`parm` Unmodified parameter list from previous call to `z4adrinq()`.
`index` Index of stack record to standardize address (refer to the description above).
This must be less than `parm.respn`.

Output

`parm.dadl1` Standardized Street Address
`parm.dadl2` Standardized Firm Name
`parm.dprurb` Standardized Puerto Rican Urbanization Name
`parm.dlast` Standardized City/State/ZIP

Return

0 - Success
1 - Failure (i.e., invalid index parameter)
2 - The USPS Address Matching System not ready

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <zip4.h>
ZIP4_PARM parm;
```

```

void main(void)
{
    /* check for The USPS Address Matching System residence */
    if(z4open() != 0)
    {
        printf("The USPS Address Matching System not resident.\n");
        exit(5);
    }

    /* load input address parameters */
    memset(&parm, 0, sizeof(parm));
    strcpy(parm.iadl1, "DODGE ST");
    strcpy(parm.iadl2, "");
    strcpy(parm.iprurb, "");
    strcpy(parm.ictyi, "OMAHA NE");

    /* request address inquiry */
    z4adrinq(&parm);

    /* standardize second address */
    z4adrstd(&parm, 1);

    /* display address */
    printf("Found response.\n");
    printf("Name:      %s\n", parm.dadl2);
    printf("Addr:      %s\n", parm.dadl1);
    printf("PRUrb:    %s\n", parm.dprurb);
    printf("City:     %s\n", parm.dctya);
    printf("ST:      %s\n", parm.dstaa);
    printf("ZIP:     %s\n", parm.zipc);
    printf("Addon:   %s\n", parm.addon);
    printf("DPBC:   %s\n", parm.dpbc);

    /* close The USPS Address Matching System */
    z4close();

    exit(0);
}

```

Close the Address Matching System

The `z4close()` function closes the Address Matching System and is called when address inquiries have been completed and the interface is no longer needed. During execution of this function, memory buffers and file handles allocated during the `z4open()` function are de-allocated and closed.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4close(void);
```

Input

None

Output

None

Return

- 0 - The USPS Address Matching System closed
- 1 - The USPS Address Matching System not resident
- 2 - The USPS Address Matching System not ready

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <zip4.h>

void main(void)
{
    /* close The USPS Address Matching System */
    if(z4close() == 0)
        printf("The USPS Address Matching System closed.\n");
    else
        printf("Error closing the USPS Address Matching System.\n");
}
```

Read City/State File By Key

The `z4ctyget()` (Read City/State File By Key) function initiates a read of the City/State File. A specific ZIP Code can be selected as a starting point in a read of the City/State File. To read subsequent records, the Read City/State File Next function is used. For documentation on the City/State File, please refer to the *Address Information System Products Technical Guide*, which is available from the USPS National Customer Support Center's Customer Support Department at 800-238-3150. It is also available on the Internet at <http://ribbs.usps.gov/files/addressing/pubs>

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4ctyget(CITY_REC *cityrec, char *zipcode);
```

Input

The CITYREC argument must point to a CITY_REC structure. The contents of the structure will be altered to contain the first city for the requested ZIP Code. The ZIP Code argument must point to a valid 5-digit ZIP Code or "00000"

Output

None

Return

- 0 - Success
- 1 - Failure
- 2 - The USPS Address Matching System not ready

Read City/State File Next

The `z4ctynxt()` (Read City/State File Next) function reads subsequent records of the City/State File. It can only be used after the `z4ctyget()` function has been called.

Note: *Multiple calls to `z4ctynxt()` can not be mixed with calls to other Address Matching System functions. This function is designed to be called after a `z4ctyget()` or previous `z4ctynxt()` function call. The results of the `z4ctynxt()` are undefined if it is called after any other AMS function call.*

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4ctynxt(CITY_REC *cityrec);
```

Input

The `CITYREC` argument must point to a `CITY_REC` structure. The contents of the structure will be altered to contain the next city.

Output

None

Return

- 0 - Success
- 1 - Failure
- 2 - The USPS Address Matching System not ready

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <zip4.h>

CITY_REC city;

void main(void)
{
    int i;

    /* open The USPS Address Matching System */
    if(z4open() != 0)
    {
        printf("The USPS Address Matching System not resident.\n");
        exit(5);
    }

    /* read first city */
    z4ctyget(&city, "00000");

    /* read 10 more cities */
    for(i=0; i<10 && z4ctynext(&city) == 0; ++i)
    {
        printf("%s %-28.28s %s %s\n", city.zip_code, city.city_name,
            city.state_abbrev, city.finance);
    }
}
```

```
    }  
    /* close The USPS Address Matching System */  
    z4close();  
    exit(0);  
}
```

Read ZIP+4 File By Key

The `z4adrget()` (Read ZIP+4 File by Key) function is used to read the ZIP+4 File. For documentation on the ZIP+4 File, please refer to the *Address Information Products Technical Guide*, which is available from the USPS National Customer Support Center's Customer Support Department at 800-238-3150. It is also available on the Internet at <http://ribbs.usps.gov/files/addressing/pubs>

A specific postal finance number can be selected as a starting point in a read of the ZIP+4 File. To read subsequent records, the `z4adrnxt()` function is used.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4adrget(ADDR_REC *addrrec, char *finance);
```

Input

The ADDRREC argument must point to an ADDR_REC structure. The contents of the structure will be altered to contain the first address for the requested postal finance number. The finance argument must contain a valid postal finance number or "000000"

Output

None

Return

- 0 - Success
- 1 - Failure
- 2 - The USPS Address Matching System not ready

Example

See example code for "Read ZIP+4 File Next".

Read ZIP+4 File Next

The `z4adrnxt()` (Read ZIP+4 File Next) function reads subsequent records of the ZIP+4 File. It can only be used after the `z4adrget()` function has been called.

Note: *Multiple calls to `z4adrnxt()` can not be mixed with calls to other Address Matching System functions. This function is designed to follow a `z4adrget()` or another `z4adrnxt()` function call. The results of `z4adrnxt()` are undefined if it is called after any other AMS function*

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4adrnxt(ADDR_REC *addrrec);
```

Input

The `ADDR_REC` argument must point to a `ADDR_REC` structure. The contents of the structure will be altered to contain the next address.

Output

None

Return

- 0 - Success
- 1 - Failure
- 2 - The USPS Address Matching System not ready

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <zip4.h>

CITY_REC city;
ADDR_REC addr;

void main(void)
{
    /* open The USPS Address Matching System */
    if (z4open() != 0)
    {
        printf("The USPS Address Matching System not resident.\n");
        exit(5);
    }

    /* read a city */
    z4ctyget(&city, "00000");

    /* read first address record for this city */
    z4adrget(&addr, city.finance);
}
```

```
/* read remaining adrs for this finance number */
while(z4adrnxt(&addr) == 0)
{
    /* check if finance number has changed */
    if (memcmp(addr.finance, city.finance, 6) != 0)
        break;

    /* Code to process the current address record. */
}

/* close The USPS Address Matching System */
z4close();

exit(0);
}
```

Get ZIP Codes from a City/State

The `z4getzip()` (Get ZIP Codes) from a City/State function retrieves a range of ZIP Codes for a city or state and returns the valid high and the low values for the input city/state. The standardized form of the input city/state as well as the finance number are also returned.

Note: All ZIP Codes within the range are not necessarily valid.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4getzip(GET_ZIPCODE_STRUCT *parm);
```

Input

The *parm* argument must point to a `GET_ZIPCODE_STRUCT` structure. The contents of the structure will be altered to contain the ZIP Code range for the input city/state.

`parm.input_cityst` Input city/state to lookup

Output

`parm.output_cityst` Standardized city/state

`parm.low_zipcode` Low ZIP Code value

`parm.high_zipcode` High ZIP Code value

`parm.finance_num` Finance number

Return

0 - Success

1 - Failure

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <zip4.h>

GET_ZIPCODE_STRUCT parm;

void main(void)
{
    int result;

    /* open The USPS Address Matching System */
    if (z4open() != 0)
    {
        printf("The USPS Address Matching System not resident.\n");
        exit(5);
    }
}
```

```
    }  
  
    /* read a city */  
    strcpy(parm.input_cityst, "MEMPHIS TN");  
    result=z4getzip(&parm);  
  
    /* Display the ZIP codes found */  
    if(result == 0)  
    {  
        printf("CITY FOUND:      %s\n",parm.output_cityst);  
        printf("LOW ZIP:         %s\n",parm.low_zipcode);  
        printf("HIGH ZIP:        %s\n",parm.high_zipcode);  
        printf("FINANCE:         %s\n",parm.finance_num);  
    }  
  
    /* close The USPS Address Matching System */  
    z4close();  
  
    exit(0);  
}
```

Terminate Active Address Inquiry

The `z4abort()` (Terminate Active Address Inquiry) function terminates an active address inquiry and is useful in real-time applications where each inquiry must be completed within a specified period of time. This function would normally be called from within a timer interrupt handler. The `z4adring()` call in progress is terminated by the function call.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4abort(void);
```

Input

None

Output

None

Return

None

Get Date of ZIP+4 Database

The `z4date()` (Get Date of ZIP+4 Database) function returns the date of the ZIP+4 database and prints the date for PS Form 3553 (CASS certificate). The date is returned as an 8-byte character string in the “YYYYMMDD” format.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4date(char *date);
```

Input

Address of field to return the date of the ZIP+4 database. This field must be at least nine bytes in length.

Output

The date of the ZIP+4 database. This field must be at least nine bytes in length.

Return

- 0 - Success
- 1 - Failure
- 2 - The USPS Address Matching System not ready

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <zip4.h>

char date[9];

void main(void)
{
    /* open The USPS Address Matching System */
    if (z4open() != 0)
    {
        printf("The USPS Address Matching System not resident.\n");
        exit(5);
    }

    /* get release date */
    z4date(date);

    printf("Release date: %s\n", date);

    /* close The USPS Address Matching System */
    z4close();

    exit(0);
}
```

Get AMS Data Expiration

The `z4GetDataExpireDays()` (Get AMS Data Expiration) function instructs the Address Matching System to return the number of days until the AMS database expires. Because the function can be used periodically to check the number of days remaining until database expiration, it is strongly recommended that you integrate this function into your software.

Note: *This function replaces the `z4expire()` function.*

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>

int z4GetDataExpireDays(void);
```

Input

None

Output

None

Return

-1 – The AMS database has expired. Otherwise, the number of days until the AMS database expires.

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <zip4.h>

void main(void)
{
    int days;

    /* open The USPS Address Matching System */
    if (z4open() != 0)
    {
        printf("USPS AMS System failed to open.\n");
        exit(1);
    }

    /* get number of days until database expiration */
    days = z4GetDataExpireDays();

    if (days == -1)
        printf("AMS database has already expired.\n");
    else
        printf("%d days until AMS database expiration.\n", days);

    /* close The USPS Address Matching System */
    z4close();
}
```

Get AMS Library Expiration

The `z4GetCodeExpireDays()` (Get AMS Library Expiration) function instructs the Address Matching System to return the number of days until the AMS library expires. Because the function can be used periodically to check the number of days remaining until library expiration, it is strongly recommended that you integrate this function into your software.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>

int z4GetCodeExpireDays(void);
```

Input

None

Output

None

Return

-1 – The AMS library has expired. Otherwise, the number of days until the AMS library expires.

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <zip4.h>

void main(void)
{
    int days;

    /* open The USPS Address Matching System */
    if (z4open() != 0)
    {
        printf("USPS AMS System failed to open.\n");
        exit(1);
    }

    /* get number of days until database expiration */
    days = z4GetCodeExpireDays();

    if (days == -1)
        printf("AMS library has already expired.\n");
    else
        printf("%d days until AMS library expiration.\n", days);

    /* close The USPS Address Matching System */
    z4close();
}
```

Get CD-ROM Expiration Information

The `z4expire()` (Get CD-ROM Expiration Information) function instructs the Address Matching System to return the number of days until the CD-ROM expires. Because the function can be used periodically to check the number of days remaining until CD-ROM expiration, it is strongly recommended that you integrate this function into your software.

Note: *The `z4expire()` function is maintained for continued compatibility with existing software. However, it is deprecated and all software should begin to replace all occurrences of `z4expire()` with `z4GetDataExpireDays()`.*

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4expire(void);
```

Input

None

Output

None

Return

-1 - CD-ROM has expired. Otherwise, the function returns the number of days until CD-ROM expiration.

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <zip4.h>

void main(void)
{
    int days;

    /* open The USPS Address Matching System */
    if (z4open() != 0)
    {
        printf("The USPS Address Matching System not resident.\n");
        exit(1);
    }

    /* get number of days until CD-ROM expiration */
    days = z4expire();
    if (days == -1)
        printf("CD-ROM has already expired.\n");
    else
        printf("%d days until CD-ROM expiration.\n", days);

    /* close The USPS Address Matching System */
    z4close();

    exit(0);
}
```

Get API Code Version

The `z4ver()` (Get API Code Version) function commands the program to retrieve the version string of the API code. This string is in compliance with the CASS requirements for address-matching software version information and may be used when generating a PS Form 3553 for mailing discounts.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4ver(char *str);
```

Input

none

Output

`str` pointer to data buffer to receive the string

Return

0 - Success

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <zip4.h>
void main(void)
{
    char version[32];

    /* get the Address Matching System version */
    z4ver(version) ;
    printf("The Address Matching System version is %s\n", version) ;
    exit (0);
}
```

Multiple Response Stack

Scroll the Stack of Address Records

The `z4scroll()` (Scroll the Stack of Address Records) function commands the Address Matching System to access additional stacks of ten address records each. The function is related to the `z4adring()` and `z4xrfinq()` functions, which return up to ten records when the `Z4_MULTIPLE` or `Z4_DEFAULT` return codes are set. When the `parm.respn` field contains a number greater than ten, your program can use this function to obtain additional stacks of ten address records (up to the number of records specified in the `parm.respn` return field). This function may only be called immediately after a call to the `z4adring()` or `z4xrfinq()` functions.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4scroll(parm);
```

Input

The `parm` argument must point to a `ZIP4_PARM` structure. This structure should not be modified after the call to `z4adring()`.

Output

The `parm.stack` field will be updated to contain the next ten records (fewer records may be returned if less than ten records remain).

Return

- 0 - Success
- 1 - The USPS Address Matching System not installed
- 2 - The USPS Address Matching System not open
- 3 - Stack access not allowed

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <zip4.h>

ZIP4_PARM parm;

void main(void)
{
    int i;
    /* open The USPS Address Matching System */
    if (z4open())
```

```

{
    printf("Error opening The USPS Address Matching System\n");
    exit(1);
}

/* create parameter list and call The USPS Address Matching System */

memset(&parm, 0, sizeof(parm));
strcpy(parm.iadll, "350 5TH AVE");
strcpy(parm.ictyi, "NEW YORK NY");

z4adrinq(&parm);

/* process all addresses returned by The USPS Address Matching System */
for(i=0; i<parm.respn; i++)
{
    /* check if stack needs to be refreshed */
    if (i != 0 && (i% 10) == 0)
    {
        if(z4scroll(&parm))
            break;
    }

    /* examine each address returned by The USPS Address Matching System */
    ...
}

/* close The USPS Address Matching System */
z4close();

exit(0);
}

```

Get Last Error

The `z4geterror()` (Get Last Error) function retrieves the last error that was encountered after a failed `z4open()` or `z4opencfg()` function call.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4geterror(Z4_ERROR *pError);
```

Input

Pointer to an empty `Z4_ERROR` structure.

Output

pError will be populated with the last error that was encountered.

Return

The value of *iErrorCode*

#defines for the *iErrorCode* values and their meanings:

<code>ERROR_FILE_OPEN</code>	1	Error opening a file
<code>ERROR_FILE_READ</code>	2	Error reading a file
<code>ERROR_FILE_WRITE</code>	3	Error writing to a file
<code>ERROR_FILE_FIND</code>	4	Error finding a file
<code>ERROR_FILE_EXPIRE</code>	5	AMS library has expired
<code>ERROR_FILE_SYNC</code>	6	AMS Database files are out of sync
<code>ERROR_SECURITY</code>	7	AMS Security error

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <zip4.h>

int main(void)
{
    Z4_ERROR errorparm;
    Z4_ENV envparm;

    memset(&errorparm, 0, sizeof(Z4_ERROR));
    memset(&envparm, 0, sizeof(Z4_ENV));
}
```

```

if(z4open())
{
    printf("\nError opening USPS AMS API\n\n");

    z4getenv(&envparm);
    z4geterror(&errorparm);

    /* Detailed Error Information */
    printf("\n\nDETAILED ERROR INFORMATION\n");
    printf("-----\n");
    printf("Error Message:  %s\n", errorparm.strErrorMessage);
    printf("File Name:      %s\n", errorparm.strFileName);
    printf("Diagnostics:     %s\n", errorparm.strDiagnostics);

    /* Detailed Environment Information */
    printf("\n\nDETAILED ENVIRONMENT INFORMATION\n");
    printf("-----\n");
    printf("Configuration File:  %s\n", envparm.strConfigFile);
    printf("Address1:           %s\n", envparm.address1);
    printf("AddrIndex:         %s\n", envparm.addrindex);
    printf("CityState:         %s\n", envparm.citystate);
    printf("CrossRef:          %s\n", envparm.crossref);
    printf("System:            %s\n", envparm.system);
    printf("eLOT:              %s\n", envparm.elot);
    printf("eLOTIndex:         %s\n", envparm.elotindex);
    printf("EWS Path:          %s\n", envparm.ewspath);
    printf("eLOT Flag:         %s\n", envparm.elotflag);
}
else
{
    printf("The USPS Address Matching System opened successfully\n");
}
return 0;
}

```

Get Environment

The `z4getenv()` (Get Environment) function retrieves the environment for the Address Matching System.

Syntax

```
#include <zip4.h>
int z4getenv(Z4_ENV *pEnv);
```

Input

Pointer to an empty `Z4_ENV` structure.

Output

pEnv will be populated with the environment for the Address Matching System.

Return

0 - Success

Example

See example for function `z4geterror()`.

Section 4: Footnote Flags

A ZIP CODE CORRECTED

The address was found to have a different 5-digit ZIP Code than given in the submitted list. The correct ZIP Code is shown in the output address.

B CITY / STATE SPELLING CORRECTED

The spelling of the city name and/or state abbreviation in the submitted address was found to be different than the standard spelling. The standard spelling of the city name and state abbreviation are shown in the output address.

C INVALID CITY / STATE / ZIP

The ZIP Code in the submitted address could not be found because neither a valid city, state, nor valid 5-digit ZIP Code was present. It is also recommended that the requestor check the submitted address for accuracy.

D NO ZIP+4 ASSIGNED

This is a record listed by the United States Postal Service on the national ZIP+4 file as a nondeliverable location. It is recommended that the requestor verify the accuracy of the submitted address.

E ZIP CODE ASSIGNED FOR MULTIPLE RESPONSE

Multiple records were returned, but each shares the same 5-digit ZIP Code.

F ADDRESS COULD NOT BE FOUND IN THE NATIONAL DIRECTORY FILE DATABASE

The address, exactly as submitted, could not be found in the city, state, or ZIP Code provided. It is also recommended that the requestor check the submitted address for accuracy. For example, the street address line may be abbreviated excessively and may not be fully recognizable.

G INFORMATION IN FIRM LINE USED FOR MATCHING

Information in the firm line was determined to be a part of the address. It was moved out of the firm line and incorporated into the address line.

H MISSING SECONDARY NUMBER

ZIP+4 information indicates this address is a building. The address as submitted does not contain an apartment/suite number. It is recommended that the requestor check the submitted address and add the missing apartment or suite number to ensure the correct Delivery Point Barcode (DPBC).

I INSUFFICIENT / INCORRECT ADDRESS DATA

More than one ZIP+4 Code was found to satisfy the address as submitted. The submitted address did not contain sufficiently complete or correct data to determine a single ZIP+4 Code. It is recommended that the requestor check the address for accuracy and completeness. For example, firm name, or institution name, doctor's name, suite number, apartment number, box number, floor number, etc. may be missing or incorrect. Also pre-directional or post-directional indicators (North = N, South = S, East = E, West = W, etc.) and/or street suffixes (Street = ST, Avenue = AVE, Road = RD, Circle = CIR, etc.) may be missing or incorrect.

J PO BOX DUAL ADDRESS

The input address contained both a PO BOX address and a non-PO BOX address. A match was made using the PO BOX address. For example, if the input address were 123 MAIN ST PO BOX 99, the output address would be PO BOX 99.

K NON-PO BOX DUAL ADDRESS

The input address contained both a PO BOX address and a non-PO BOX address. A match was made using the non-PO BOX address. For example, if the input address were 123 MAIN ST PO BOX 99, the output address would be 123 MAIN ST.

L ADDRESS COMPONENT CHANGED

An address component (i.e., directional or suffix only) was added, changed, or deleted in order to achieve a match.

M STREET NAME CHANGED

The spelling of the street name was changed in order to achieve a match.

N ADDRESS STANDARDIZED

The delivery address was standardized. For example, if STREET was in the delivery address, the system will return ST as its standard spelling.

P BETTER ADDRESS EXISTS

The delivery address is matchable, but is known by another (preferred) name. For example, in New York, NY, AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS is also known as 6TH AVE. An inquiry using a delivery address of 55 AVE OF THE AMERICAS would be flagged with a Footnote Flag P.

R NO MATCH DUE TO EWS

The delivery address is matchable, but the EWS file indicates that an exact match will be available soon.

S INCORRECT SECONDARY ADDRESS

The secondary information (i.e., floor, suite, apartment, or box number) does not match that on the national ZIP+4 file. This secondary information, although present on the input address, was not valid in the range found on the national ZIP+4 file.

T MULTIPLE RESPONSE DUE TO MAGNET STREET SYNDROME

The search resulted in a single response; however, the record matched was flagged as having magnet street syndrome and the input street name components (pre-directional, primary street name, post-directional, and suffix) did not exactly match those of the record. A “magnet street” is one having a primary street name that is also a suffix or a directional word, having either a postdirectional or a suffix (i.e., 2200 PARK MEMPHIS TN logically matches to a ZIP+4 record 2200-2258 PARK AVE MEMPHIS TN 38114-6610), but the input address lacks the suffix ‘AVE’ which is present on the ZIP + 4 record. The primary street name ‘PARK’ is a suffix word. The

record has either a suffix or a post-directional present. Therefore, in accordance with CASS requirements, a ZIP + 4 Code must not be returned. The multiple response return code is given since a “no match” would prevent access to the best candidate.

U UNOFFICIAL POST OFFICE NAME

The city or post office name in the submitted address is not recognized by the United States Postal Service as an official last line name (preferred city name), and is not acceptable as an alternate name. This does denote an error and the preferred city name will be provided as output.

V UNVERIFIABLE CITY / STATE

The city and state in the submitted address could not be verified as corresponding to the given 5-digit ZIP Code. This comment does not necessarily denote an error; however, it is recommended that the requestor check the city and state in the submitted address for accuracy.

W INVALID DELIVERY ADDRESS

The input address record contains a delivery address other than a PO BOX, General Delivery, or Postmaster 5-digit ZIP Code that is identified as a “small town default”. The United States Postal Service does not provide street delivery for this ZIP Code. The United States Postal Service requires use of PO BOX, General Delivery, or Postmaster for delivery within this ZIP Code.

X UNIQUE ZIP CODE DEFAULT

Default match inside a unique ZIP Code.

Z MATCH MADE USING THE ZIPMOVE PRODUCT DATA

The ZIPMOVE product shows which ZIP + 4 records have moved from one ZIP Code to another. If an input address matches to a ZIP + 4 record which the ZIPMOVE product indicates as having moved, the search is performed again in the new ZIP Code.

Section 4: Record Types

F FIRM

This is a match to a Firm Record, which is the finest level of match available for an address.

G GENERAL DELIVERY

This is a match to a General Delivery record.

H BUILDING / APARTMENT

This is a match to a Building or Apartment record.

P POST OFFICE BOX

This is a match to a Post Office Box.

R RURAL ROUTE or HIGHWAY CONTRACT

This is a match to either a Rural Route or a Highway Contract record, both of which may have associated Box Number ranges.

S STREET RECORD

This is a match to a Street record containing a valid primary number range.

Section 4: Return Codes**10 INVALID DUAL ADDRESS**

Information presented could not be processed in current format. Corrective action is needed. Be sure that the address line components are correct. For example, the input address line may contain more than one delivery address.

11 INVALID CITY/ST/ZIP

The ZIP Code in the submitted address could not be found because neither a valid city, state, nor valid 5-digit ZIP Code was present. Corrective action is needed. It is also recommended that the requestor check the submitted address for accuracy.

12 INVALID STATE

The state in the submitted address is invalid. Corrective action is needed. It is also recommended that the requestor check the submitted address for accuracy.

13 INVALID CITY

The city in the submitted address is invalid. Corrective action is needed. It is also recommended that the requestor check the submitted address for accuracy.

21 NOT FOUND

The address, exactly as submitted, could not be found in the national ZIP+4 file. It is recommended that the requestor check the submitted address for accuracy. For example, the street address line may be abbreviated excessively and may not be fully recognizable.

22 MULTIPLE RESPONSE

More than one ZIP+4 Code was found to satisfy the address submitted. The submitted address did not contain sufficiently complete or correct data to determine a single ZIP+4 Code. It is recommended that the requestor check the address for accuracy and completeness. Address elements may be missing.

31 EXACT MATCH.

Single response based on input information. No corrective action is needed since an exact match was found in the national ZIP+4 file.

32 DEFAULT MATCH

A match was made to a default record in the national ZIP+4 file. A more specific match may be available if a secondary number (i.e., apartment, suite, etc.) exists.

Appendix A - Interface Definition

```

#ifndef ZIP4_H                /* avoid redefinition */
#define ZIP4_H
#define RELVER    0xabcdef03L
/*****
/* This record describes an address record. The record format is */
/* the same as the USPS ZIP+4 File. Please see the USPS Address */
/* Information Products Technical Guide for information on this record. */
/* NOTE:All 'char' array fields contain an extra byte (+1) for the null */
/* terminator. */
*****/
typedef struct
{
    char    detail_code;           /* copyright detail code */
    char    zip_code[5+1];        /* zip code */
    char    update_key[10+1];     /* update key number */
    char    action_code;         /* action code */
    char    rec_type;            /* record type */
    char    carr_rt[4+1];        /* carrier route */
    char    pre_dir[2+1];        /* pre-direction abbrev */
    char    str_name[28+1];       /* street name */
    char    suffix[4+1];         /* suffix abbrev */
    char    post_dir[2+1];       /* post-direction abbrev */
    char    prim_low[10+1];      /* primary low range */
    char    prim_high[10+1];     /* primary high range */
    char    prim_code;           /* primary even odd code */
    char    sec_name[40+1];      /* bldg or firm name */
    char    unit[4+1];           /* secondary abbreviation */
    char    sec_low[8+1];        /* secondary low range */
    char    sec_high[8+1];       /* secondary high range */
    char    sec_code;           /* secondary even odd code */
    char    addon_low[4+1];      /* add on low */
    char    addon_high[4+1];     /* add on high */
    char    base_alt_code;       /* base alternate code */
    char    lacs_status;         /* LACS converted status */
    char    finance[6+1];        /* finance code */
    char    state_abbrev[2+1];    /* state abbreviation (not filled) */
    char    county_no[3+1];      /* county number */
    char    congress_dist[2+1];  /* congressional district */
    char    municipality[6+1];   /* municip. city/state key (not filled)*/
    char    urbanization[6+1];   /* urb. city/state key */
    char    last_line[6+1];      /* last line city/state key */
} ADDR_REC;

/* NOTE: The GovtBldgInd (Government Building Indicator) field is not*/
/* available in the ADDR_REC structure. */

```

Appendix A

```

/*****
/*   This record describes a city/state record. The record format is the   */
/*   same as the USPS City State File. Please see the USPS Address       */
/*   Infomation Products Technical Guide for information on this record.   */
/*   NOTE: All 'char' array fields contain an extra byte (+1) for the     */
/*   null terminator.                                                     */
/*****
typedef struct
{
    char  detail_code;                /* copyright detail code          */
    char  zip_code[5+1];              /* zip code                       */
    char  city_key[6+1];              /* city/state key                 */
    char  zip_class_code;             /* zip classification code        */
                                        /* blank = non-unique zip         */
                                        /* M=APO/FPO military zip        */
                                        /* P=PO BOX zip                  */
                                        /* U=Unique zip                  */
    char  city_name[28+1];            /* city/state name                */
    char  city_abbrev[13+1];          /* city/state name abbrev         */
    char  facility_cd;                /* facility code                   */
                                        /* A=Airport mail facility       */
                                        /* B=Branch                      */
                                        /* C=Community post office       */
                                        /* D=Area distrib. center        */
                                        /* E=Sect. center facility       */
                                        /* F=General distrib. center     */
                                        /* G=General mail facility       */
                                        /* K=Bulk mail center            */
                                        /* M=Money order unit           */
                                        /* N=Non-postal name             */
                                        /* community name,               */
                                        /* former postal facility,      */
                                        /* or place name                 */
                                        /* P=Post office                 */
                                        /* S=Station                     */
                                        /* U=Urbanization                */
    char  mailing_name_ind;           /* mailing name indicator         */
                                        /* Y=Mailing name                 */
                                        /* N=Non-mailing name            */
    char  last_line_num[6+1];         /* preferred last line key        */
    char  last_line_name[28+1];       /* preferred city name            */
    char  city_delv_ind;              /* city delivery indicator        */
                                        /* Y=Office has city             */
                                        /* delivery carrier rts          */
                                        /* N=Office does not have       */

```

```

/* city delivery carrier */
/* routes */
char auto_zone_ind; /* automated zone indicator */
/* A=CR Sort Rates Apply */
/* Merge Allowed */
/* B=CR Sort Rates Apply */
/* Merge Not Allowed */
/* C=CR Sort Rates Do Not Apply */
/* Merge Allowed */
/* D=CR Sort Rates Do Not Apply */
/* Merge Not Allowed */
char unique_zip_ind; /* unique zip name indicator */
/* Y=Unique zip name */
/* blank=not applicable */
char finance[6+1]; /* finance code */
char state_abbrev[2+1]; /* state abbreviation */
char county_no[3+1]; /* county number */
char county_name[25+1]; /* county name */
} CITY_REC;
/*****
/* Parameter list for z4adrinq() and z4xrfinq() calls. Reserved */
/* fields are for future use, do not access these fields. Size of his */
/* record cannot be changed. */
/* NOTE: Only fields containing +1 in the length are null terminated. */
*****/
typedef struct
{
/******input data******/
char rsvd0[4]; /* reserve fore future use */
char iadl1[50+1]; /* input delivery address */
char iadl2[50+1]; /* input firm name */
char ictyi[50+1]; /* input city */
char istai[2+1]; /* input state */
char izipc[10+1]; /* input ZIP+4 code */
char iprurb[28+1]; /* input urbanization name */
char iadl3[50+1]; /* input second address line */
char rsvd1[98]; /* reserved for future use */
/******returned data******/
char dadl3[50+1]; /* standardized 2nd delivery address*/
char dadl1[50+1]; /* standardized delivery address */
char dadl2[50+1]; /* standardized firm name */
char dlast[50+1]; /* standardized city/state/zip */
char dprurb[28+1]; /* output PR urbanization name */

```

```

char  dctys[28+1];      /* main post office city      */
char  dstas[2+1];      /* main post office state     */
char  dctya[28+1];     /* standardized city          */
char  abcty[13+1];     /* standardized city abbreviation */
char  dstaa[2+1];      /* standardized state         */
char  zipc[5+1];       /* 5-digit zip code           */
char  addon[4+1];      /* ZIP+4 addon code           */
char  dpbc[3+1];       /* delivery point bar code     */
char  cris[4+1];       /* carrier route               */
char  county[3+1];     /* FIPS county code            */
short respn;          /* number of returned responses */
char  retcc;           /* return code                  */
char  adrkey[12];      /* address key (for indexing)  */
char  auto_zone_ind;   /* A, B, C or D                */
char  elot_num[4+1];   /* eLOT Number                  */
char  elot_code;       /* eLOT Ascending/Descending Flag */

/****** parsed input data******/
char  ppnum[10+1];     /* Primary Number              */
char  psnum[8+1];     /* Secondary Number            */
char  prote[3+1];     /* Rural Route Number          */
char  punit[4+1];     /* Secondary Number Unit       */
char  ppre1[2+1];     /* First or Left Pre-direction */
char  ppre2[2+1];     /* Second or Right Pre-direction */
char  psuf1[4+1];     /* First or Left Suffix        */
char  psuf2[4+1];     /* Second or Right Suffix      */
char  ppst1[2+1];     /* First or Left Post-direction */
char  ppst2[2+1];     /* Second or Right Post-direction */
char  ppnam[28+1];    /* Primary Name                 */
char  mpnum[10+1];    /* Matched primary number.     */
char  msnum[8+1];     /* Matched secondary number    */
char  pmb[3+1];       /* PMB Unit Designator         */
char  pmbnum[8+1];   /* PMB Number                   */
char  rsvd2[86];     /* reserved for future use     */

struct {
char  a;              /* zip corrected                */
char  b;              /* city/state corrected          */
char  c;              /* invalid city/state/zip       */
char  d;              /* no zip assigned              */
char  e;              /* ZIP assigned for mult response */
char  f;              /* no zip available              */
char  g;              /* part of firm moved to address */
}

```

```

char h;          /* secondary number missing          */
char i;          /* insufficient/incorrect data          */
char j;          /* dual input - used PO BOX            */
char k;          /* dual input - used non-PO BOX        */
char l;          /* del addr component add/del/chg      */
char m;          /* street name spelling changed        */
char n;          /* delivery addr was standardized      */
char o;          /* reserved for future use              */
char p;          /* better delivery addr exists         */
char q;          /* reserved for future use              */
char r;          /* no match caused by EWS              */
char s;          /* invalid secondary number            */
char t;          /* magnet street                       */
char u;          /* unofficial PO name                   */
char v;          /* unverifiable city/state             */
char w;          /* small town default                  */
char x;          /* unique ZIP Code default             */
char y;          /* reserved for future use              */
char z;          /* ZIP Move Match                      */
char rsvd3[6];   /* reserved for future use              */
} foot;

ADDR_REC stack[10]; /******record stack******/
char rsvd4[194];   /* reserved for future use            */
} ZIP4_PARM;

/*****
/* Parameter list for z4getzip()          */
/* NOTE: Only fields containing +1 in the length are null terminated. */
*****/

typedef struct
{
    char input_cityst[50+1];
    char output_cityst[50+1];
    char low_zipcode[5+1];
    char high_zipcode[5+1];
    char finance_num[6+1];
} GET_ZIPCODE_STRUCT;

/*****
/* Error Codes for the iErrorCode variable inside the Z4_ERROR */
/* structure */
*****/
#define ERROR_FILE_OPEN 1 /* Error opening a file */
#define ERROR_FILE_READ 2 /* Error reading a file */

```

```

#define ERROR_FILE_WRITE      3      /* Error writing to a file      */
#define ERROR_FILE_FIND      4      /* Error finding a file        */
#define ERROR_FILE_EXPIRE    5      /* AMS library has expired     */
#define ERROR_FILE_SYNC      6      /* AMS Database files out of sync*/
#define ERROR_SECURITY       7      /* AMS Security Error          */

/*****
/* Parameter list for z4geterror()
/* NOTE: Only fields containing +1 in the length are null terminated */
*****/
typedef struct
{
    int    iErrorCode;           /* Error Code                   */
    char   strErrorMessage[100+1]; /* Error Message                */
    int    iFileCode;           /* File Code                    */
    char   strFileName[26+1];   /* File Name                    */
    char   strDiagnostics[300+1]; /* Diagnostic Message           */
} Z4_ERROR;

/*****
/* Paramter list for z4getenv()
/* NOTE: Only fields containing +1 in length are null terminated */
*****/
typedef struct
{
    char   strConfigFile[300+1];
    char   address1[300+1]; /*Contains the full path of the ZADRFLE.DAT file*/
    char   addrindex[300+1]; /*Contains the full path of the ZADRFLE.NDX file*/
    char   cdrom[300+1]; /*Contains the drive letter of the CD-ROM drive */
                    /*that contains the ZIP+4/carrier route data */
                    /*May be blank */
    char   citystate[300+1]; /*Contains the full path of the following files:*/
                    /*CTYSTATE.DAT - CITYSTATE.NDX */
                    /*ZIP5FLE.DAT - ZIP5FLE.NDX */
    char   crossref[300+1]; /*Contains full path of the ZXREFDTL.DAT file */
    char   system[300+1]; /*Contains the full path of the Z4CXLOG.DAT file*/
    char   elot[300+1]; /*Contains the full path of the eltrvfile.dat file*/
    char   elotindex[300+1]; /*Contains the full path of the eltrvfile.ndx file*/
    char   ewspath[300+1]; /*Contains the full path of the ews.txt file */
    char   rsvd1[301]; /*reserved for future use */
    char   elotflag;
    char   dpvflag;
}Z4_ENV;

```

```

/*****
/* Parameter list for z4opencfg()
/* NOTE: Only fields containing +1 in the length are null terminated.
/*****

/*Use of this structure will replace a physical copy of the configuration
/*file on the hard drive

typedef struct
{
    char *address1; /*Contains the full path of the ZADRFLE.DAT file
    char *addrindex; /*Contains the full path of the ZADRFLE.NDX file
    char *cdrom; /*Contains the drive letter of the CD-ROM drive that
    /*contains the ZIP+4/carrier route data;may be blank
    char *citystate; /*Contains the full path of the following files:
    /*CTYSTATE.DAT - CTYSTATE.NDX
    /*ZIP5FILE.DAT - ZIP5FLE.NDX
    char *crossref; /*Contains the full path of the ZXREFDTL.DAT file
    char *system; /*Contains the full path of the Z4CXLOG.DAT file
    char *elot; /*Contains the full path of the ELTRVFLE.DAT file
    char *elotindex; /*Contains the full path of the ELTRVFLE.ND file
    char *ewspath; /*Contains the full path of the EWS.TXT file
    char *dpvpath /*Contains the full path of the dpv files
}CONFIG_PARM;

typedef struct
{
    char rsvd1[50]; /*reserved for future use
    short status; /*1 - Used value point to by fname
    /*2 - Used values in CONFIG_PARM
    /*9 - No values found. Search for z4config.dat
    char *fname; /*pointer to a NULL terminated string that
    /*contains the full path and filename for a custom
    /*config file. If fname contains a leading space
    /*or NULL then it is ignored and the CONFIG_PARM
    /*is evaluated for path names
    CONFIG_PARM config; /*Contains the path name for the config file
    char elotflag; /*Y Enables LOT else Disable eLOT
    char systemflag; /*Indicates open option
    char rsvd2[49]; /*reserved for future use
}Z4OPEN_PARM

/*****
/*Z4OPEN_PARM.status values for z4opencfg()
/*****

```

```

#define      Z4_FNAME 1 /*Used the value in fname as the path and filename */
#define      Z4_CONFIG 2 /*Used the paths in the CONFIG_PARM structure */
#define      Z4_SEARCH 9 /*Used neither, searched for z4config.dat */

/*****
/*      Return Codes for z4adrinq() and z4xrfinq() calls
*****/
#define      Z4_INVADDR 10 /* invalid address */
#define      Z4_INVZIP 11 /* invalid ZIP Code */
#define      Z4_INVSTATE 12 /* invalid state code */
#define      Z4_INVCITY 13 /* invalid city */
#define      Z4_NOTFND 14 /* address not found */
#define      Z4_MULTIPLE 22 /* multiple response - no default */
#define      Z4_SINGLE 31 /* single response - exact match */
#define      Z4_DEFAULT 32 /* default response */

/*****
/*      Function prototypes for the ZIP+4 retrieval engine.
*****/
#if defined(OS2_32)
#define Z4FUNC
#elif defined(WIN32)
#define Z4FUNC _cdecl
#elif defined(_WINDOWS) || defined(_WINDLL)
#define Z4FUNC __far __pascal __export
#elif defined(OS2)
#define Z4FUNC _far _pascal _loadds _export
#elif defined(_MAC)
#define Z4FUNC
#elif defined(ANSI_STRICT) || defined(UNIX) || defined(I370)
#define Z4FUNC
#else
#define Z4FUNC _cdecl
#endif

int Z4FUNC z4ready(void); /* check presence of retrieval engine */
int Z4FUNC z4remove(void); /* terminate the retrieval engine */
int Z4FUNC z4open(void); /* open the retrieval engine for use */
int Z4FUNC z4opencfg(Z4OPEN_PARM *); /*open with custom parameters */
int Z4FUNC z4close(void); /* close the retrieval engine */
int Z4FUNC z4abort(void); /* abort the current inquiry */
int Z4FUNC z4adrinq(ZIP4_PARM *); /* address inquiry */
int Z4FUNC z4scroll(ZIP4_PARM *); /* address inquiry */
int Z4FUNC z4adrkey(ZIP4_PARM *); /* address key (for indexing) */
int Z4FUNC z4xrfinq(ZIP4_PARM *); /* nine digit cross reference inquiry */
int Z4FUNC z4adrstd(ZIP4_PARM *, int); /* address standardization */

```

Appendix A

```
int Z4FUNC z4ctyget(CITY_REC *, void *)/* get first city for a state */
int Z4FUNC z4ctynxt(CITY_REC *); /* get next city for a state */
int Z4FUNC z4adrget(ADDR_REC *, void *)/* get first address for a fin. no */
int Z4FUNC z4adrnxt(ADDR_REC *); /* get next address for a fin. no */
int Z4FUNC z4date(char *); /* get date of ZIP+4 database */
int Z4FUNC z4GetDataExpireDays(void); /* number of days until data expire */
int Z4FUNC z4GetCodeExpireDays(void); /* number of days until code expire */
int Z4FUNC z4expire(void); /* Deprecated. Use GetDataExpireDays() */
int Z4FUNC z4getzip(GET_ZIPCODE_STRUCT*);/* get zip code range for cityst */
int Z4FUNC z4ver(char *); /* get the version of the API code */
int Z4FUNC z4geterror(Z4_ERROR *); /* get the last error msg and code */
int Z4FUNC z4getenv(Z4_ENV *); /* get the environment for AMS */

#endif /* ZIP4_H */
```

Appendix B – File Names and Locations

Z4CONFIG.DAT

Data file used to specify the location of the Address Matching System data files. You are responsible for creating this file, or you may use the skeleton file provided with the Developer's Kit. This file should be located in the current working directory of the application using the API.

SAMPLE Z4CONFIG.DAT

```
APPLICATION      OTHER - ZIP+4
COMPUTER         OTHER
ADDRESS1         D:\AMSDATA\
ADDRESS2
ADDRESS3
ADDRINDEX        D:\AMSDATA\
CDROM
CITYSTATE        D:\AMSDATA\
CROSSREF         D:\AMSDATA\
SYSTEM           C:\AMS_KIT\
TABLE
USER
ADDR1SIZE
ADDR2SIZE
ADDR3SIZE
EWSPATH          D:\AMSDATA\
```

Depending on the capacity of your hard drive, copy the files identified in the next step from the CDROM. Directory and drive listings should be entered according to the specific computer platform being used. Each directory listing **must** contain a trailing directory delimiter. See the Section 2, Installation Procedures, for a sample Z4CONFIG.DAT listing for each supported computer platform.

SAMPLE Z4CONFIG.DAT LINE DESCRIPTION

<u>Sample File Line</u>	<u>Description</u>
APPLICATION	Not used by the Address Matching System API
COMPUTER	Not used by the Address Matching System API
ADDRESS1	Contains the full path of the ZADRFLE.DAT file
ADDRESS2	Must be present and empty
ADDRESS3	Must be present and empty
ADDRINDEX	Contains the full path of the ZADRFLE.NDX file
CDROM	Contains the drive letter of the CD-ROM drive that contains the ZIP+4/ carrier route data; this listing may be blank
CITYSTATE	Contains the full path of the following files: CTYSTATE.DAT CTYSTATE.NDX

	ZIP5FLE.DAT ZIP5FLE.NDX
CROSSREF	Contains the full path of the following files: ZXREFDTL.DAT LTRVFLE.DAT LTRVFLE.NDX
SYSTEM	Contains the full path of the Z4CXLOG.DAT file
TABLE	Not used by the Address Matching System API
USER	Not used by the Address Matching System API
ADDR1SIZE	Not used by the Address Matching System API
ADDR2SIZE	Not used by the Address Matching System API
ADDR3SIZE	Not used by the Address Matching System API
EWSPATH	Contains the full path of the EWS.TXT file

Note: *If you change the location of any of the files in this list, you must also change the corresponding path in your Z4CONFIG.DAT.*